SUB.CODE:	18U4EL4

REG.NO:



DHANALAKSHMI SRINIVASAN COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS)



(For Candidates admitted from 2019-2020 onwards)

UG DEGREE EXAMINATIONS APRIL - 2021

B.A - ENGLISH

ENGLISH FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION

Time: 3 Hi	rs .			Max.Marks: 75		
		PART - A				
CHOOSE THE COR	RRECT ANSWE		(10X1=10)			
1. This picture	by my grandr	nother.				
a) painted	b) is painted	c) are painted	d) has painted			
2. Identify the parts news?	of speech of the c	apitalised word in t	he following sentence.	Have you heard the GOOD		
) / one of the greatest film		
a) 1 4. Choose the correct a) want	b) 4 t antonym of the b) need		d) 3 d) reduce			
5. Identify the suitab	ole suffix for the v	word - 'Pay'				
a) ee	b) ist	c) en	d) an			
6. During the	, thes	spoke to the teacher	S.			
a) break / Princ	ipal l	o) brake / Principal				
c) break / Princ	iple	d) brake / Principle				
7and Scanning a	re two important	techniques in readir	ng comprehension.			
a) Reading	b) Skimm	ning c) Not	e-taking	d) Processing		
8. Career objective s	should be written	on the basis of	given by the em	ployer.		
a) salary	b) mode of	application	c) eligibility	d) job description		
9. Which of the follo	owing quality is in	nportant in a Group	Discussion?			
a) Emotional S	tability b)	Ignorance	c) Hostility	d) Aggressiveness		
10. Ais a clear and	compact summar	y of the original pas	ssage.			
a) Rough Draft	b)	Précis	c) Paragraph	d) Heading		

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

(5X7=35)

11. a) Rewrite the passage by completing it with suitable verb forms:

Three or four decades ago almost every farmer_(lead) a hard life, working hard from dawn to						
dusk. Inrecent times scientific research and technology(converge) upon agriculture. They						
(develop)machines that(contribute) greatly to agricultural progress. We cannot						
within a brief space list all the various machines that (use) in the modern farm. These machines						
now (perform) most of the hardest tasks. Tractors, for instance,						
(be) of greatest importance among them.						
(OR)						
b) Rewrite the passage by completing it with suitable word given in the brackets:						
Julia and Edward are both Polish(Its/It's) been(two/too/to) years since they came to the						
UK. They have(bean/been) married(for/four) ten years and they have three children; two						
boys and one girl. As they planned to (buy/by) a house, Edward saw an (ad/add) in the						
newspaper. They are (quite/quiet) excited about their new home.						
12. a) Read the following passage and make a précis:						
English education and English language have done immense goods to India, inspite of their						
glaring drawbacks. The notions of democracy and self-government are the born of English						
education. Those who fought and died for mother India's freedom were nursed in the cradle of						
English thought and culture. The West has made contribution to the East. The history of Europe has						
fired the hearts of our leaders. Our struggle for freedom has been inspired by the struggles for						
freedom in England, America and France. If our leaders were ignorant of English and if they had not						
studied this language, how could they have been inspired by these heroic struggles for freedom in						
other lands?						
English, therefore, did us great good in the past and if properly studied will do immense good in						
future. English is spoken throughout the world. For international contact our commerce and trade,						
for the development of our practical ideas, for the scientific studies, English-is indispensable						
"English is very rich inliterature," our own literature has been made richer by this foreign language.						
It will really be a fatal day if we altogether forget Shakespeare, Milton, Keats and Shaw.						
(OP)						

- b) What are the useful guidelines to write a successful précis?
- 13. a) Write a brief note on the ways to improve vocabulary.

(OR)

b) Discuss briefly about the ways to enhance reading skills.

14. a) Rewrite the passage by adding suitable prefix or suffix to the words given in the brackets:

	-tio	n	-ly			im	- 14	-ful	re-	-у	-al	ole	
(proper)	garbage	disposal	can	cause	(cc	ntami	inate)	of s	subterra	nean	water	sourc	es.
Relocating garb	oage dump	s doesn't_	_(nece	essary)	solve	this	incre	dibly	(ha	rm)	probler	n. La	.ws
preceding the_	(dis	cover) of t	his pr	oblem v	vere	(1	oredict	i) in	terms	of ga	arbage	dispos	sal.
Since the disco	very, auth	orities ha	ve pro	ceeded	to tou	ighen	these	laws	and ha	ave in	njected	funds	to
(evaluate)	ongoing pi	ractices.											
				THE PARTY OF									

(OR)

- b) Write a paragraph on improving interview performance.
- 15. a) A friend wants to spend a two-week holiday in your area and has written asking for information. Writea letter to your friend.

(OR)

b) How to excel in a group discussion?

PART - C

ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS

(3X10=30)

- 16. Define all kinds of nouns and give suitable examples.
- 17. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below. Each question carries two marks.

Marie was born in 1867 in Warsaw, Poland, where her father was a Professor of Physics. At an early age, she displayed a brilliant mind and a blithe personality. Her great exuberance for learning prompted her tocontinue with her studies after high school. She became disgruntled, however, when she learned that theuniversity in Warsaw was closed to women. Determined to receive a higher education, she defiantly left Poland and in 1891 entered the Sorbonne, a French university, where she earned her master's degree and doctorate in physics.

Marie was fortunate to have studied at the Sorbonne with some of the greatest scientists of her day, one of whom was Pierre Curie. Marie and Pierre were married in 1895 and spent many productive years working together in the physics laboratory. A short time after they discovered radium, Pierre was killed by a horse-drawn wagon in 1906. Marie was stunned by this horrible misfortune and endured heartbreaking anguish. Despondently she recalled their close relationship and the joy that they had shared in scientific research. The fact that she had two young daughters to raise by herself greatly increased her distress.

Curie's feeling of desolation finally began to fade when she was asked to succeed her husband as a physics professor at the Sorbonne. She was the first woman to be given a professorship at the world- famous university. In 1911 she received the Nobel Prize in chemistry for isolating radium. Although Marie Curie eventually suffered a fatal illness from her long exposure to radium, she never

S	cience and to revealing	the mysteries of the ph	ysical world.							
1. Marie had a bright mind and apersonality.										
	a) Strong	b) Light-hearted	c) Humorous	d) Strange						
2. When she learned that she could not attend the university in Warsaw, she felt										
	a) Hopeless		c) Depressed							
	3. Marieby leaving Poland and travelling to France to enter the Sorbonne.									
	a) Challenged authority b) Showed intelligence									
	c) Behaved	d) Was	s distressed							
	4. Herbegan to fade when she returned to the Sorbonne to succeed her husband.									
	a) Misfortune	b) Anger								
	5. Even though she became fatally ill from working with radium, Marie Curie was never									
	a) Troubled		c) Disappointed							
18.	Compile a resume of yo	ur own, including all th	e necessary details, in the	prescribed format.						
19.	Write a model cover lett	er as a fresh graduate to	apply for any specific jo	b of your choice						
	Write a group discussion									

became disillusioned about her work. Regardless of the consequences, she had dedicated herself to